UNSEALED

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

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Plaintiff,

V.

MATTHEW LOMBARDO (1), KONRAD PIEKOS (2), RYAN GENETTI (3), and DOBRILA "BeBe" MILOSAVLJEVIC (4),

Defendants.

Case No.: **21-MJ-2687**

COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS OF:

Title 18, U.S.C., Sec. 1349 – Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud; Title 18, U.S.C., and Sec. 1028A – Aggravated Identity Theft, Title 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320d–6—Wrongful Disclosure of Individually Identifiable Health Information; and Title 18, U.S.C., Sec 371—Conspiracy.

The undersigned complainant being duly sworn states:

COUNT ONE

Beginning on a date unknown and continuing up to and including October 22, 2020, within Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendants MATTHEW LOMBARDO, KONRAD PIEKOS, RYAN GENETTI, and DOBRILA "BeBe" MILOSAVLJEVIC and others known and unknown, did knowingly and intentionally conspire to devise and execute a scheme and artifice to defraud and to obtain money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, and to cause the interstate transmission of writings, signs, signals, and sounds for the purpose of executing that scheme, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

COUNT TWO

On or about the dates set forth below, in the Southern District of California and elsewhere, during and in relation to a felony violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349 (Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud), defendants, MATTHEW LOMBARDO, KONRAD PIEKOS, and RYAN GENETTI, knowingly transferred, possessed, and used, without lawful authority, the means of identification of another person, Y.D., knowing that the means of identification belonged to another actual person in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1028A.

COUNT THREE

On or about the dates set forth below, in the Southern District of California and elsewhere, during and in relation to a felony violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349 (Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud), defendants, MATTHEW LOMBARDO, KONRAD PIEKOS, and RYAN GENETTI, knowingly transferred, possessed, and used, without lawful authority, the means of identification of another person, B.E., knowing that the means of identification belonged to another actual person in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1028A.

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COUNT FOUR

On or about August 15, 2020, and continuing up to and including October 23, 2020, in the Southern District of California and elsewhere, defendant MATTHEW LOMBARDO, who was then an employee of a health care provider in the Southern District of California, did knowingly conspire and agree with others, both known and unknown, to disclose to another, in violation of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act ("HIPAA"), individually identifiable health information related to an individual, maintained by an entity covered by the HIPAA privacy regulation, without authorization and with the intent to use that information for personal gain, all in violation of Title 42, United States Code, Section 1320d–6, a misdemeanor, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.

The complainant further states that this complaint is based on the attached Statement of Facts incorporated herein by reference.

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Royer J. Posser

ROGER PASSERO Special Agent, DOL-OIG

Attested to by the applicant in accordance with the requirements of Fed. R. Crim. P. 4.1 by telephone on this 6th day of July, 2021.

HON. ANDRÉW G. SCHOPLER

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

PROBABLE CAUSE STATEMENT

A. A traffic stop leads to a search of PIEKOS' vehicle, residence, and phones used by PIEKOS and GENETTI.

- 1. On October 23, 2020, deputies with the San Diego Sherriff's Department ("SDSD") initiated a traffic stop on KONRAD PIEKOS ("PIEKOS") for driving without a license plate. PIEKOS was the driver and sole occupant of the vehicle. As the deputies approached the vehicle, they observed an assault rifle in plain view. Upon making contact with him, PIEKOS admitted to possessing an un-registered assault rifle. A subsequent search of the vehicle led deputies to find several loaded firearms, loaded magazines, and approximately \$40,000 in U.S. Currency.
- 2. Based on the items found during the traffic stop, Deputies obtained a warrant to search two of PIEKOS' properties located at 237 Yacon Circle and 2190 Primrose Avenue, both in Vista, California. Officers found PIEKOS to be the sole occupant at 237 Yacon Circle, where he was residing at the time. Officers later identified PIEKOS' associates Ryan GENETTI ("GENETTI") and M.G. (GENETTI's girlfriend) as the occupants of the 2190 Primrose property. During the search of PIEKOS' residence at 237 Yacon Cir., detectives located additional firearms and ammunition. Detectives also found heroin, a digital scale, and other drug paraphernalia. Detectives also located one cellular telephone which PIEKOS later identified as his own.
- 3. On the same day, SDSD detectives executed a warrant at PIEKOS's other residence, 2190 Primrose Avenue, GENETTI and M.G.'s residence, where they found another firearm, along with heroin and fentanyl. They also located two more phones believed to belong to GENETTI and M.G.
- 4. Detectives obtained state warrants to search all three cellular phones, including the phones used by PIEKOS and GENETTI. During a manual search of those phones, Deputies discovered text messages between PIEKOS, GENETTI, and MATTHEW LOMBARDO ("LOMBARDO") discussing the illicit distribution of narcotics, firearms, and a scheme to obtain unemployment benefits using other persons' personal identifying

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information (PII). Subsequently, a federal warrant was obtained to search those phones as well as an additional phone used by M.G. for fraud-related evidence.

5. The search revealed that PIEKOS and GENETTI conspired together and with others to fraudulently obtain Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) benefits beginning in July 2020. Further, in or about August 2020 they reached an agreement with LOMBARDO to join their scheme. The text messages reveal an agreement in which LOMBARDO was to use, and did, in fact, use his position as a Patient Financial Service Representative at S.H. to access confidential patient health care information through his employer's information network and distribute this information to PIEKOS, GENETTI and Dobrila "Bebe" MILOSAVLJEVIC ("MILOSAVLJEVIC") knowing that the purpose was to improperly obtain PUA benefits. In exchange for providing patient health care information, PIEKOS agreed to award LOMBARDO a share of the fraudulently obtained PUA benefits. LOMBARDO explicitly referenced this deal on September 17, 2020 and offered PIEKOS an opportunity to "buy" him "out of the deal" By that date, LOMBARDO had already supplied PIEKOS with PII from dozens of patients and received payment(s).LOMBARDO asked PIEKOS, "Did any of the names work yet? U can buy me out of the deal early if u want that way u keep it all."

B. Background: the CARES Act creates PUA funds

4. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the massive unemployment that resulted from the pandemic, on March 27, 2020, Congress Passed and the President signed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. The CARES Act expanded unemployment benefits to include self-employed persons, independent contractors, and part time workers previously excluded from such benefits. To qualify for unemployment insurance, an applicant must complete an online application with the applicant's name, date of birth, social security number, and other personal information (PII). The applicant can then file for benefits by certifying online that he/she is

¹ PIEKOS is charged in 21-cr-01303-JLS for unlawful possession of firearms and controlled substances. GENETTI is charged in 21-cr-01226-WQH for unlawful possession of firearms.

unemployed and eligible for benefits. To be eligible, an applicant must have been employed in a qualifying position immediately prior to the period being claimed. Claims are commonly paid out through electronic debit cards that are sent to the claimant through U.S. Mail to a physical address. In California, PUA benefits are administered through the California Employment Development Department (EDD).

- 5. Based on my training and experience, obtaining valid PII is a crucial step in the fraudulent acquisition of PUA benefits. To set up an EDD account, the most process requires the entry of valid PII information into the online application portal. For this reason, persons committing PUA fraud will often seek out PII from black market databases that market stolen PII as well as seeking out PII from prisoners and deceased persons who are not eligible to claim PUA benefits. Once an EDD account is set up, a person can direct the benefits, distributed through an ATM debit card sent via U.S. mail, to be sent to any address the person sets up. In my experience, persons who are committing PUA fraud will often use the same address for several accounts.
 - C. PIEKOS and GENETTI submit fraudulent PUA claims using PII found on GENETTI's phone and directing the proceeds to addresses that PIEKOS owns
- 6. On July 28, 2020, EDD received a claim for PUA benefits for J.C. EDD paid out \$8,100 on that claim. The claim represented that J.C. was a Dockperson who worked from February 24, 2020 through July 25, 2020 and was laid off because of the pandemic. The claim listed J.C's residence as an address controlled by PIEKOS. Agents found J.C.'s PII on GENETTI's phone. Agents spoke with J.C. on February 5, 2021. J.C. stated that s/he never applied for EDD benefits, has never been employed as a dockworker, and has no association with the address where the EDD card for his claim was mailed. At all relevant times, J.C. has been employed by a government agency in San Diego County.
- 7. On August 1, 2020, EDD received a claim for PUA benefits for A.S. The application claimed that A.S. worked from March 1, 2020 through July 25, 2020 as a Dockperson earning \$34,000 per year and was laid off due to the pandemic. EDD paid out \$25,000 for that claim. Agents found the PII supporting that claim on GENETTI's phone.

The EDD card, loaded with \$25,000. was mailed to PIEKOS and MILOSAVLJEVIC's home address on Yacon Circle in Vista, California. When deputies executed a search warrant at GENETTI's residence, they found an EDD debit card bearing A.S.'s name. Since June 2019 and throughout 2020, A.S. was incarcerated in a California state prison and was ineligible to collect EDD PUA benefits.

8. On July 30, 2020, EDD received a claim for PUA benefits for P.F. EDD paid out \$23,118 for that claim. The claim represented that P.F. worked as a Dockperson from March 1, 2020 through July 25, 2020 and was laid off due to the pandemic. Agents found P.F.'s PII on GENETTI's phone. P.F. has been incarcerated in a California state prison since 1966.

D. LOMBARDO accesses confidential patient information and transmits it to PIEKOS who, in turn, transmits the information to GENETTI and MILOSAVLJEVIC

- 9. S.H. is a health care provider in San Diego County that operates multiple hospitals. EDD records indicate that LOMBARDO has been employed by S.H. since approximately March 2019. LOMBARDO's Linked-in page identifies LOMBARDO as a Patient Service Representative (PSR) for S.H. A job description posted on S.H.'s website describes a PSR's duties to include meeting with patients to obtain identifying information and verify health insurance. The information LOMBARDO collects in that capacity includes name, age, date of birth, employment, and the reason the patient was seeking health care services from S.H.
- 10. LOMBARDO and PIEKOS exchanged dozens of text messages discussing PIEKOS' acquisition of S.H. patient PII from LOMBARDO. Agents identify PIEKOS as the user of the phone based on: 1) the phone was taken from PIEKOS; 2) he self identifies in numerous text messages ("This is Konrad"); 3) the phone contains hundreds of email messages addressed to PIEKOS; and 4) the settings identify PIEKOS as the phone's owner ("Konrad Pico"). Agents have identified LOMBARDO as the user of the phone attributed to him based on: 1) LOMBARDO listed that phone number as his on a U.S. Passport card application; 2) the phone is subscribed to the person LOMBARDO identified as his

girlfriend; and 3) text messages in PIEKOS' phone are addressed to LOMBARDO's first name ("Matt's new cell").

- 11. Messages in PIEKOS' phone show that LOMBARDO began providing PIEKOS with patient PII on or before August 15, 2020. LOMBARDO texted PIEKOS, "If you need [a person's initials] social security numbers or anything I can pull that shit up at work if bebe [MILOSAVLJEVIC]² needs it to look him up or whatever." PIEKOS replied, "text it to me his social and birthday please . . . and [providing a female first name beginning with R]." LOMBARDO answered, "Ok." LOMBARDO then texted PIEKOS the name, date of birth, and social security number for C.S. and R.M. [the same first name, beginning with "R" that PIEKOS requested]. PIEKOS immediately forwarded the PII for C.S. and R.M. to MILOSAVLJEVIC and GENETTI.
- 12. Text messages indicate that LOMBARDO and PIEKOS met in person on August 21, 2020.
- 13. On August 22, 2020 LOMBARDO texted PIEKOS the true name, date of birth, social security number, and address of a patient, F.A., and wrote "This guy died a few hours ago. How many names do we need? I'll check for more just got here." PIEKOS texted back: "will have her [MILOSAVLJEVIC, PIEKOS' wife] put this one in asap, find me one who is still alive....lol." LOMBARDO replied, "Lol ok lots of those. We want old people?" PIEKOS replied, "no I mean someone 55 or younger who is on their way out... maybe a couple days left or something." LOMBARDO answered, "Ok ill dig around n see what I can find. Should be a few of them anyway." Based on my knowledge, training, experience and familiarity with PUA matters, I believe that PIEKOS' instructions to LOMBARDO to provide PII from persons who were alive but gravely ill reflect PIEKOS' awareness that a deceased person's PII is quickly entered into a database that makes them ineligible for PUA benefits.

² My interpretation of slang, nicknames, or coded language is set forth in brackets and is based on my training and experience, my conversations with other agents, and my knowledge of the context of this investigation.

- 14. A few hours later on August 22, 2020 LOMBARDO texted the name, date of birth, social security number, and address of D.G., adding, "Maybe he too old. Likely on way out soon." LOMBARDO then texted the name, date of birth, and address of M.B. [a female first name] along with a description, "No address homeless. Mite be a good one." PIEKOS replied, "let me try the female." About 40 minutes later, LOMBARDO texted the name, date of birth, and address of T.L. and said, "This one just died if u wanna try." PIEKOS asked, "how did he die . . . do u know if he was employed?" LOMBARDO answered, "Heart attack. Lemme see . . . Looks like retired."
- 15. Later that same day, August 22, 2020, PIEKOS forwarded to MILOSAVLJEVIC the PII for M.B.
- 16. The next morning, August 23, 2020, LOMBARDO texted PIEKOS, "Lemme know bout thr names too im at work will look for more." PIEKOS replied, "ok well Bebe [MILOSAVLJEVIC] entered 2 of them and they didn't get bounced so far so will see what happens. send a few more if u want." LOMBARDO answered, "Ok ill dig up a few more." Later that day LOMBARDO texted PIEKOS, "What about real old people like 98? Too.old ?" LOMBARDO then texted the PII for patient C.C. and commented, "He not in good shape mite not make it."
- 17. On August 24, 2020, after PIEKOS asked her for "proof," MILOSAVLJEVIC sent PIEKOS a screen shot of an EDD confirmation that a claim was filed for an individual named J.S.
- 18. On August 27, 2020, PIEKOS messaged LOMBARDO: "need to talk about that other thing in person asap so we can enter a few more at least. so far 2 went in so will see what happens."
- 19. LOMBARDO and PIEKOS resumed discussing the scheme on August 28, 2020. PIEKOS asked LOMBARDO what he was doing and LOMBARDO replied: "Jack shit still dude. N get to work at 6am. What's the ideal age n stuff ill look for more if need be." PIEKOS replied the next day, August 29, 2020, "under 60 try to see if they were working prior to coming in.. if not its ok can try anyway." LOMBARDO answered, "Ok

ill get a few more today. I'll send a few n pick which ones look good." LOMBARDO then texted the PII for J.H. and said, "She just died but lil older . . . Looking for alive ones too that look like they won't make it.." PIEKOS affirmed, "yes those would be a bit better.." LOMBARDO then texted the PII for D.H. and R.D.

- 20. Almost immediately after receiving the PII for J.H., PIEKOS forwarded the PII to MILOSAVLJEVIC along with the instruction: "try to enter this one as a handyman, he retired from [company name] but worked for himself afterwards in Escondido love you." MILOSAVLJEVIC replied, "sounds good love you more."
- 21. On September 6, 2020, LOMBARDO texted PIEKOS a photograph of a computer screen containing PII for five individuals: Y.D.; G.C.; B.E.; J.H.; and L.K. Each of those eleven admissions sheets has an entry for the patient's name, date of birth, address, phone number, email address, social security number, expected delivery date, obstetrician's name, spouse/emergency contact information, and insurance information.
- 22. After LOMBARDO texted PIEKOS the photo of the computer screen, PIEKOS asked, "Does it show if they were working or not?" LOMBARDO said, "Let me check them and see . . . [B.E.] works at [company name] The others I can't tell for sure. I'll get some that show working." LOMBARDO then added, referring to the patient admission sheets, "theres a bunch of those that has all the info." LOMBARDO added, "I took pics of about 50 of those applications so if we need em lemme know I can email in a file." PIEKOS acknowledged, "Ok" and said he would call LOMBARDO later. LOMBARDO also sent eleven photographs of handwritten patient admission sheets bearing the S.H.'s hospital logo and the header "maternity pre-admission information."
- 23. On September 11, 2020, PIEKOS texted Lombardo: "can u text me some more of those files, my friend is going to try to get 3 to stick today. I will let u know when we have 3 done so u know . . . thanks." LOMBARDO responded: "Should i email them or just text a few got like 50." PIEKOS answered, "text like 10 for now." LOMBARDO then sent several photos to PIEKOS. PIEKOS, in turn, sent GENETTI the photo of the computer screen containing PII for Y.D.; G.C.; B.E.; J.H.; and L.K.

- 24. On September 12, 2020, LOMBARDO texted PIEKOS that he was going to "cruise by my work . . . I can get a stack of names n stuff if those guna work for anything." PIEKOS replied, "ok but print me a few stacks be its more difficult to get one to stick be late in the game yo.. worth trying." LOMBARDO said, "Ok" and added, "Lemme know if ur guna come by the hospital."
- 25. On September 17, 2020, LOMBARDO asked PIEKOS, "Did any of the names work yet? U can buy me out of the deal early if u want that way u keep it all. Lol." PIEKOS said, "none man."
- 26. On September 20, 2020, PIEKOS texted LOMBARDO, "hey I need an copy of an ID of one girl.. can u retrieve it?" LOMBARDO answered, "Possibly. Depends if we have it 50 50 chance." PIEKOS replied, "ok text u name in a few." A few minutes later, PIEKOS texted the name, Y.D., and said "any id of hers will be cool and it will go through be she never filed." LOMBARDO said he would check next time he was at work.
- 27. In mid-September, 2020, EDD deployed a new identity verification process in response to numerous fraudulent PUA claims. The new verification process required some applicants to submit a photo of an identification card along with their PUA claim.
 - E. EDD confirms that PUA claims were filed for patients who were the subject of LOMBARDO and PIEKOS' texts, patients who in turn confirm that they never applied for EDD
- 28. Agents interviewed Y.D. on February 4, 2021. Y.D. confirmed that s/he was a patient at S.H. and had undergone a procedure at S.H. on September 16, 2020. Y.D. said s/he never authorized any person to apply for EDD benefits on his/her behalf. EDD records indicate that an application for \$41,000 in PUA benefits was submitted in Y.D.'s name on September 17, 2020. The claim listed an address at 1130 East Lincoln Ave., a residence owned by PIEKOS. The claim was disqualified and rejected. Agents found Y.D.'s PII on GENETTI's phone.
- 29. Agents also interviewed B.E. on February 5, 2020. B.E. confirmed that s/he was a patient at S.H. and that s/he underwent a medical procedure at S.H. on September 13, 2021. A PUA claim seeking \$41,000 in PUA benefits for B.E. was filed with EDD on

September 17, 2020. The claim listed 1130 East Lincoln Ave. as the claimant's address. The claim was disqualified and rejected. Agents found B.E.'s PII on GENETTI's phone.

- 30. Based on the foregoing, I respectfully submit there is probable cause to support the accompanying complaint and arrest warrants.
- 31. This is an ongoing investigation in which at least two of the defendants LOMBARDO and MILOSAVLJEVIC -- are not in custody and presumably are unaware of the pendency of the charges herein. I therefore request that this probable case statement, accompanying complaint, and arrest warrants be sealed until such time as the Court orders otherwise. For the reasons set forth above, disclosure of this probable cause statement, accompanying complaint, and arrest warrants at this time would seriously jeopardize the ongoing investigation; as such disclosure may provide an opportunity to destroy evidence, change patterns of behavior, or flight from prosecution thereby seriously jeopardizing the success of the investigation.