UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No. 18 CR 519

v.

Judge Sara L. Ellis

IMRAN MAHMOOD

PLEA AGREEMENT

1. This Plea Agreement between the Acting United States Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, MORRIS PASQUAL, and defendant IMRAN MAHMOOD, and his attorney, DAVID M. GARVIN, is made pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure. The parties to this Agreement have agreed upon the following:

Charge in This Case

- 2. The information in this case charges defendant with tax evasion in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.
- 3. Defendant has read the charge against him contained in the information, and that charge has been fully explained to him by his attorney.
- 4. Defendant fully understands the nature and elements of the crime with which he has been charged.

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Charge to Which Defendant Is Pleading Guilty

5. By this Plea Agreement, defendant agrees to enter a voluntary plea of guilty to the information, which charges defendant with tax evasion in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.

Factual Basis

6. Defendant will plead guilty because he is in fact guilty of the charge contained in the information. In pleading guilty, defendant admits the following facts and that those facts establish his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt and constitute relevant conduct pursuant to Guideline § 1B1.3:

Beginning on or about January 1, 2014, and continuing until at least on or about October 10, 2015, in the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, defendant IMRAN MAHMOOD did willfully attempt to evade and defeat the payment of substantial income tax due and owing by him to the United States of America for the 2014 calendar year by committing affirmative acts of evasion, in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7201.

More specifically, during calendar years 2011 through 2015, Company A was a not-for-profit organization that, among other work, provided adult day care and homecare services to seniors residing in Illinois. Company B was an Illinois corporation which acted as the fiscal agent for Company A, provided funding to Company A to provide homecare services, and accounted for the use of those funds to the sources of the funding. MAHMOOD, individually as a certified public accountant



and through his businesses, Audit and Consulting Services Ltd. ("ACS") and Accurate Consulting Enterprise Group Ltd ("ACEG"), served as an auditor, tax return preparer, accountant, and bookkeeper for Company A and Company B. During years 2011 through 2014 MAHMOOD prepared tax returns and "independent auditor's reports" on behalf of Company A for fiscal years 2010 through 2013.

In approximately, February 2015, Companies A and B retained an external CPA to audit the financial statements of the companies and prepare tax returns for those companies' tax year 2014. From February 2015 through March 2015 MAHMOOD, as the accountant and bookkeeper of the companies, provided information to the external CPA for the purpose of preparing tax returns and an "independent auditor report." In so doing, MAHMOOD provided financial statements and a supporting ledger to the CPA in which he categorized 9 checks written from the payroll account of Company A between January 1, 2014 and June 30, 2014 totaling \$1,873,720 as an "Officer Loan" from Company A to two of its officers. These checks were actually payments to Accurate Builder's Group, Ltd. ("ABG"), an entity MAHMOOD owned and controlled.

During calendar years 2011 through 2014, MAHMOOD obtained approximately \$9,084,984 of Company A funds and deposited those funds to entities he owned and controlled, including ABG. MAHMOOD obtained the majority of these funds from Company A's payroll accounts and used these funds to make personal expenditures.



In calendar year 2011, the MAHMOOD caused the issuance of 14 checks by Company A, totaling \$1,229,303, payable to ABG, to be deposited into an account held by ABG. In calendar year 2012, MAHMOOD caused the issuance of 23 checks by Company A, totaling \$2,382,255, payable to ABG to be deposited into an account held by ABG. In calendar year 2013, MAHMOOD caused the issuance of 15 checks by Company A, totaling \$2,180,357, payable to ABG to be deposited into an account held by ABG. In 2014, MAHMOOD caused the issuance of 16 checks by Company A, totaling \$3,293,069, payable to ABG, to be deposited into an account held by ABG.

Defendant was required to file true and accurate federal individual income tax returns (Form 1040) on behalf of himself. Defendant hired a tax preparer to prepare his federal individual income tax returns for tax years 2011 through 2014, identified income he received from ACS, but concealed his receipt of funds from Company A, his ownership of ABG, and receipt of funds by ABG.

ABG did not file tax returns for calendar years 2011 through 2014. MAHMOOD's use of this non-filing entity and concealment of the income he received from Company A through ABG, resulted in the filing of materially false individual income tax returns for 2011 through 2014.

This conduct resulted in the following tax losses: in 2011 a federal tax loss of approximately \$381,639, and a state tax loss of approximately \$55,665; in 2012 a federal tax loss of approximately \$745,598, and a state tax loss of approximately \$108,613; in 2013 a federal tax loss of approximately \$711,141, and a state tax loss



of approximately \$94,003; and in 2014 a federal tax loss of approximately \$1,215,935, and a state tax loss of approximately \$155,929;

Therefore, the charged and related conduct resulted in a total tax loss of approximately \$3,468,523.

Maximum Statutory Penalties

- 7. Defendant understands that the charge to which he is pleading guilty carries the following statutory penalties:
- a. A maximum sentence of 5 years' imprisonment. This offense also carries a maximum fine of \$250,000, or twice the gross gain or gross loss resulting from that offense, whichever is greater. Defendant further understands that the Court must order costs of prosecution, estimated not to exceed \$500. Defendant further understands that the judge also may impose a term of supervised release of not more than three years.
- b. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3013, defendant will be assessed \$100 on the charge to which he has pled guilty, in addition to any other penalty or restitution imposed.

Sentencing Guidelines Calculations

8. Defendant understands that, in determining a sentence, the Court is obligated to calculate the applicable Sentencing Guidelines range, and to consider that range, possible departures under the Sentencing Guidelines, and other sentencing factors under 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a), which include: (i) the nature and



circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant; (ii) the need for the sentence imposed to reflect the seriousness of the offense, promote respect for the law, provide just punishment for the offense, afford adequate deterrence to criminal conduct, protect the public from further crimes of the defendant, and provide the defendant with needed educational or vocational training, medical care, or other correctional treatment in the most effective manner; (iii) the kinds of sentences available; (iv) the need to avoid unwarranted sentence disparities among defendants with similar records who have been found guilty of similar conduct; and (v) the need to provide restitution to any victim of the offense.

- 9. For purposes of calculating the Sentencing Guidelines, the parties agree on the following points:
- a. Applicable Guidelines. The Sentencing Guidelines to be considered in this case are those in effect at the time of sentencing. The following statements regarding the calculation of the Sentencing Guidelines are based on the Guidelines Manual currently in effect, namely the 2023 Guidelines Manual.

b. Offense Level Calculations.

- i. The base offense level is 22, pursuant to Guidelines §§ 2T1.1(a)(1) and 2T4.1(I), because the tax loss is more than \$1,500,000 but less than \$3,500,000.
- ii. Pursuant to Guideline § 3B1.3 the base offense level is increased by 2 levels because the defendant abused a position of trust or used a



special skill, in a manner that significantly facilitated the commission or concealment of the offense.

- iii. Defendant has clearly demonstrated a recognition and affirmative acceptance of personal responsibility for his criminal conduct. If the government does not receive additional evidence in conflict with this provision, and if defendant continues to accept responsibility for his actions within the meaning of Guideline § 3E1.1(a), including by furnishing the United States Attorney's Office and the Probation Office with all requested financial information relevant to his ability to satisfy any fine or restitution that may be imposed in this case, a two-level reduction in the offense level is appropriate.
- iv. In accord with Guideline § 3E1.1(b), defendant has timely notified the government of his intention to enter a plea of guilty, thereby permitting the government to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the Court to allocate its resources efficiently. Therefore, as provided by Guideline § 3E1.1(b), if the Court determines the offense level to be 16 or greater prior to determining that defendant is entitled to a two-level reduction for acceptance of responsibility, the government will move for an additional one-level reduction in the offense level.
- v. Pursuant to Guideline § 4C1.1(a), the offense level determined under Chapters Two and Three of the Guidelines Manual is decreased by 2 levels, because the defendant did not receive any criminal history points from



Chapter Four, Part A of the Guidelines Manual and the defendant is not otherwise disqualified by the other provisions enumerated under § 4C1.1(a).

- vi. Therefore, the parties agree that the applicable guideline offense level is 19.
- c. Criminal History Category. With regard to determining defendant's criminal history points and criminal history category, based on the facts now known to the government, defendant's criminal history points equal zero and defendant's criminal history category is I.
- d. Anticipated Advisory Sentencing Guidelines Range. Therefore, based on the facts now known to the government, the anticipated offense level, is 19 which, when combined with the anticipated criminal history category of I, results in an anticipated advisory sentencing guidelines range of 30 to 37 months' imprisonment, in addition to any supervised release, fine, and restitution the Court may impose.
- e. Defendant and his attorney and the government acknowledge that the above guidelines calculations are preliminary in nature and are non-binding predictions upon which neither party is entitled to rely. Defendant understands that the Probation Office will conduct its own investigation and that the Court ultimately determines the facts and law relevant to sentencing, and that the Court's determinations govern the final guideline calculation. Accordingly, the validity of this Agreement is not contingent upon the probation officer's or the Court's concurrence



with the above calculations, and defendant shall not have a right to withdraw his plea on the basis of the Court's rejection of these calculations.

- f. Both parties expressly acknowledge that while none of the guidelines calculations set forth above are binding on the Court or the Probation Office, the parties have agreed pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(c)(1)(B) that certain components of those calculations—specifically, those set forth above in subparagraph (b) of this paragraph—are binding on the parties, and it shall be a breach of this Agreement for either party to present or advocate a position inconsistent with the agreed calculations set forth in the identified subparagraph.
- 10. Defendant understands that, with the exception of the guidelines provisions identified above as binding on the parties, the guidelines calculations set forth above are non-binding predictions, upon which neither party is entitled to rely, and are not governed by Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(c)(1)(B). Errors in applying or interpreting any of the sentencing guidelines (other than those identified above as binding) may be corrected by either party prior to sentencing. The parties may correct these errors either by stipulation or by a statement to the Probation Office or the Court, setting forth the disagreement regarding the applicable provisions of the guidelines. The validity of this Agreement will not be affected by such corrections, and defendant shall not have a right to withdraw his plea, nor the government the right to vacate this Agreement, on the basis of such corrections.



Agreements Relating to Sentencing

- 11. The government agrees to recommend that the Court impose a sentence of imprisonment of 30 months' incarceration, which is the low end of the guideline range. Defendant is free to recommend whatever sentence he deems appropriate.
- 12. It is understood by the parties that the sentencing judge is neither a party to nor bound by this Agreement and may impose a sentence up to the maximum penalties as set forth above. Defendant further acknowledges that if the Court does not accept the sentencing recommendation of the parties, defendant will have no right to withdraw his guilty plea.
- 13. Regarding restitution, defendant agrees to pay restitution, arising from the relevant conduct set forth above totaling \$3,468,523 consisting of \$3,054,313 to the United States Treasury and \$414,210 to the Illinois Department of Revenue pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 3663(a)(3) and 3664.
- 14. Restitution shall be due immediately and paid pursuant to a schedule to be set by the Court at sentencing. Defendant acknowledges that pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 3664(k), he is required to notify the Court and the United States Attorney's Office of any material change in economic circumstances that might affect his ability to pay restitution. Neither the existence of a restitution payment schedule nor the defendant's timely payment of restitution according to that schedule will preclude the IRS from immediately collecting the full amount of the restitution-based assessment.



- 15. Defendant agrees that the United States may enforce collection of any fine or restitution imposed in this case pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Sections 3572, 3613, and 3664(m), notwithstanding any payment schedule set by the Court.
- 16. Defendant understands that the amount of tax loss as calculated by the Internal Revenue Service may exceed the amount of tax due as calculated for restitution in the criminal case. Defendant further understands that the IRS may use the restitution order as a basis for civil assessment pursuant to Title 26, United States Code, Section 6201(a)(4).
- 17. Defendant agrees to pay the special assessment of \$100 at the time of sentencing with a cashier's check or money order payable to the Clerk of the U.S. District Court.

Acknowledgments and Waivers Regarding Plea of Guilty Nature of Agreement

- 18. This Agreement is entirely voluntary and represents the entire agreement between the United States Attorney and defendant regarding defendant's criminal liability in case 18 CR 519.
- 19. This Agreement concerns criminal liability only. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, nothing herein shall constitute a limitation, waiver, or release by the United States or any of its agencies of any administrative or judicial civil claim, demand, or cause of action it may have against defendant or any other



person or entity. The obligations of this Agreement are limited to the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois and cannot bind any other federal, state, or local prosecuting, administrative, or regulatory authorities, except as expressly set forth in this Agreement.

20. Defendant understands that nothing in this Agreement shall limit the Internal Revenue Service in its collection of any taxes, interest or penalties from defendant or defendant's partnerships or corporations.

Waiver of Rights

- 21. Defendant understands that, by pleading guilty, he surrenders certain rights, including the following:
- a. Right to be charged by indictment. Defendant understands that he has a right to have the charge prosecuted by an indictment returned by a concurrence of twelve or more members of a grand jury consisting of not less than sixteen and not more than twenty-three members. By signing this Agreement, defendant knowingly waives his right to be prosecuted by indictment and to assert at trial or on appeal any defects or errors arising from the information, the information process, or the fact that he has been prosecuted by way of information.
- b. **Trial rights**. Defendant has the right to persist in a plea of not guilty to the charge against him, and if he does, he would have the right to a public and speedy trial.

D. M98/24

- i. The trial could be either a jury trial or a trial by the judge sitting without a jury. However, in order that the trial be conducted by the judge sitting without a jury, defendant, the government, and the judge all must agree that the trial be conducted by the judge without a jury.
- ii. If the trial is a jury trial, the jury would be composed of twelve citizens from the district, selected at random. Defendant and his attorney would participate in choosing the jury by requesting that the Court remove prospective jurors for cause where actual bias or other disqualification is shown, or by removing prospective jurors without cause by exercising peremptory challenges.
- iii. If the trial is a jury trial, the jury would be instructed that defendant is presumed innocent, that the government has the burden of proving defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and that the jury could not convict him unless, after hearing all the evidence, it was persuaded of his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. The jury would have to agree unanimously before it could return a verdict of guilty or not guilty.
- iv. If the trial is held by the judge without a jury, the judge would find the facts and determine, after hearing all the evidence, whether or not the judge was persuaded that the government had established defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.
- v. At a trial, whether by a jury or a judge, the government would be required to present its witnesses and other evidence against defendant.

J. M. 124

Defendant would be able to confront those government witnesses and his attorney would be able to cross-examine them.

- vi. At a trial, defendant could present witnesses and other evidence in his own behalf. If the witnesses for defendant would not appear voluntarily, he could require their attendance through the subpoena power of the Court. A defendant is not required to present any evidence.
- vii. At a trial, defendant would have a privilege against self-incrimination so that he could decline to testify, and no inference of guilt could be drawn from his refusal to testify. If defendant desired to do so, he could testify in his own behalf.
- c. Appellate rights. Defendant further understands he is waiving all appellate issues that might have been available if he had exercised his right to trial and may only appeal the validity of this plea of guilty and the sentence imposed. Defendant understands that any appeal must be filed within 14 calendar days of the entry of the judgment of conviction.
- 22. Defendant understands that, by pleading guilty, he is waiving all the rights set forth in the prior paragraphs, with the exception of the appellate rights specifically preserved above. Defendant's attorney has explained those rights to him, and the consequences of his waiver of those rights.

4-173/24

Presentence Investigation Report/Post-Sentence Supervision

- 23. Defendant understands that the United States Attorney's Office in its submission to the Probation Office as part of the Pre-Sentence Report and at sentencing shall fully apprise the District Court and the Probation Office of the nature, scope, and extent of defendant's conduct regarding the charge against him, and related matters. The government will make known all matters in aggravation and mitigation relevant to sentencing.
- 24. Defendant agrees to truthfully and completely execute a Financial Statement (with supporting documentation) prior to sentencing, to be provided to and shared among the Court, the Probation Office, and the United States Attorney's Office regarding all details of his financial circumstances, including his recent income tax returns as specified by the probation officer. Defendant understands that providing false or incomplete information, or refusing to provide this information, may be used as a basis for denial of a reduction for acceptance of responsibility pursuant to Guideline § 3E1.1 and enhancement of his sentence for obstruction of justice under Guideline § 3C1.1, and may be prosecuted as a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001 or as a contempt of the Court.
- 25. For the purpose of monitoring defendant's compliance with his obligations to pay a fine and restitution during any term of supervised release or probation to which defendant is sentenced, defendant further consents to the disclosure by the IRS to the Probation Office and the United States Attorney's Office

D. W / 84

of defendant's individual income tax returns (together with extensions, correspondence, and other tax information) filed subsequent to defendant's sentencing, to and including the final year of any period of supervised release or probation to which defendant is sentenced. Defendant also agrees that a certified copy of this Agreement shall be sufficient evidence of defendant's request to the IRS to disclose the returns and return information, as provided for in Title 26, United States Code, Section 6103(b).

Other Terms

- 26. Defendant agrees to cooperate with the United States Attorney's Office in collecting any unpaid fine and restitution for which defendant is liable, including providing financial statements and supporting records as requested by the United States Attorney's Office.
- 27. Regarding matters relating to the Internal Revenue Service, defendant agrees as follows:
- a. Defendant agrees to cooperate with the Internal Revenue Service in any tax examination or audit of defendant and defendant's partnerships or corporations which directly or indirectly relates to or arises out of the course of conduct that defendant has acknowledged in this Agreement, by transmitting to the IRS original records or copies thereof, and any additional books and records that the IRS may request.

P.M. 134

- 28. Defendant will not object to a motion brought by the United States Attorney's Office for the entry of an order authorizing disclosure of documents, testimony and related investigative materials which may constitute grand jury material, preliminary to or in connection with any judicial proceeding, pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 6(e)(3)(E)(i). In addition, defendant will not object to the government's solicitation of consent from third parties who provided records or other materials to the grand jury pursuant to grand jury subpoenas, to turn those materials over to the Civil Division of the United States Attorney's Office, or an appropriate federal or state agency (including but not limited to the Internal Revenue Service), for use in civil or administrative proceedings or investigations, rather than returning them to the third parties for later summons or subpoena in connection with a civil or administrative proceeding involving, or investigation of, defendant or defendant's partnerships or corporations. Nothing in this paragraph or the preceding paragraph precludes defendant or defendant's partnerships or corporations from asserting any legal or factual defense to taxes, interest, and penalties that may be assessed by the IRS.
- 29. Defendant understands that, if convicted, a defendant who is not a United States citizen may be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and denied admission to the United States in the future.
- 30. The United States agrees not to seek additional criminal charges in the Northern District of Illinois against defendant for the events between January 1,

1/29/24

2011, and July 31, 2016, which occurred in the Northern District of Illinois related to the funds he obtained from Company A. However, nothing in this Agreement limits the United States in prosecution of defendant in other districts or for crimes unrelated to his receipt of the funds from Company A as set forth in this Agreement.

Conclusion

- 31. Defendant understands that this Agreement will be filed with the Court, will become a matter of public record, and may be disclosed to any person.
- 32. Defendant understands that his compliance with each part of this Agreement extends throughout the period of his sentence, and failure to abide by any term of the Agreement is a violation of the Agreement. Defendant further understands that in the event he violates this Agreement, the government, at its option, may move to vacate the Agreement, rendering it null and void, and thereafter prosecute defendant not subject to any of the limits set forth in this Agreement, or may move to resentence defendant or require defendant's specific performance of this Agreement. Defendant understands and agrees that in the event that the Court permits defendant to withdraw from this Agreement, or defendant breaches any of its terms and the government elects to void the Agreement and prosecute defendant, any prosecutions that are not time-barred by the applicable statute of limitations on the date of the signing of this Agreement may be commenced against defendant in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding the expiration of the statute of

limitations between the signing of this Agreement and the commencement of such prosecutions.

- 33. Should the judge refuse to accept defendant's plea of guilty, this Agreement shall become null and void and neither party will be bound to it.
- 34. Defendant and his attorney acknowledge that no threats, promises, or representations have been made, nor agreements reached, other than those set forth in this Agreement, to cause defendant to plead guilty.
- 35. Defendant acknowledges that he has read this Agreement and carefully reviewed each provision with his attorney. Defendant further acknowledges that he understands and voluntarily accepts each and every term and condition of this Agreement.

AGREED THIS DATE: 1-22-24

for MP

MORRIS PASQUAL Acting United States Attorney

PATRICK J. KING, JR. Assistant U.S. Attorney

IMRAN MAHMOOD

Defendant

DAVID M. GARVIN Attorney for Defendant