BENJAMIN B. WAGNER United States Attorney JOHN K. VINCENT FLED PHILIP A. FERRARI Assistant United States Attorneys 501 I Street, Suite 10-100 MAY 1 0 2016 Sacramento, CA 95814 Telephone: (916) 554-2700 CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY DEPUTY CLERK Facsimile: (916) 554-2900 RAYMOND HULSER Chief, Public Integrity Section RICHARD B. EVANS Trial Attorney United States Department of Justice 1400 New York Ave. NW, Suite 12100 Washington, DC 20005 Telephone: (202)353-7760 10 Attorneys for Plaintiff United States of America 11 12 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 13 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 CR-S-16-0097 TLN

CASE NO. [Enter case number] 15 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 16 Plaintiff. PLEA AGREEMENT 17 v. 18 BABULAL BERA. DATE: **TBD** 19 **TBD** TIME: COURT: Hon. Choose An Item. Defendant. 20 21 22 I. INTRODUCTION 23 Scope of Agreement. 24 The information in this case charges the defendant with violations of 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(1)(A) Making Excessive Campaign Contributions; and 52 U.S.C. § 30122 – Making Contributions in the 26 Name of Another. This document contains the complete plea agreement between the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of California and the Public Integrity Section, Criminal 27 28 Division, United States Department of Justice (collectively the "United States" or "government") and 1 PLEA AGREEMENT

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the defendant regarding this case. This plea agreement is limited to the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of California and the Public Integrity Section, Criminal Division, United States Department of Justice and cannot bind any other federal, state, or local prosecuting, administrative, or regulatory authorities.

#### B. <u>Court Not a Party.</u>

The Court is not a party to this plea agreement. Sentencing is a matter solely within the discretion of the Court, and the Court may take into consideration any and all facts and circumstances concerning the criminal activities of defendant, including activities which may not have been charged in the information. The Court is under no obligation to accept any recommendations made by the government, and the Court may in its discretion impose any sentence it deems appropriate up to and including the statutory maximum stated in this plea agreement.

If the Court should impose any sentence up to the maximum established by the statute, the defendant cannot, for that reason alone, withdraw his guilty plea, and he will remain bound to fulfill all of the obligations under this plea agreement. The defendant understands that neither the prosecutor, defense counsel, nor the Court can make a binding prediction or promise regarding the sentence he will receive.

### II. <u>DEFENDANT'S OBLIGATIONS</u>

#### A. Guilty Plea.

The defendant will plead guilty to Counts One and Two, charging Making Excessive Campaign Contributions in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(1)(A) and Making Contributions in the Name of Another in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30122, respectively. The defendant agrees that he is in fact guilty of these charges and that the facts set forth in the Factual Basis for Plea attached hereto as Exhibit A are accurate.

The defendant agrees that this plea agreement will be filed with the Court and become a part of the record of the case. The defendant understands and agrees that he will not be allowed to withdraw his pleas should the Court not follow the government's sentencing recommendations.

The defendant agrees that the statements made by him in signing this Agreement, including the factual admissions set forth in the factual basis, shall be admissible and useable against the defendant by

the United States in any subsequent criminal or civil proceedings, even if the defendant fails to enter a

guilty plea pursuant to this Agreement. The defendant waives any rights under Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(f)

and Fed. R. Evid. 410, to the extent that these rules are inconsistent with this paragraph or with this

> 1. Waiver of Indictment:

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The defendant acknowledges that under the United States Constitution he is entitled to be indicted by a grand jury on the charges to which he is pleading guilty and that pursuant to Fed.R.Crim.P. 7(b) he agrees to waive any and all rights he has to being prosecuted by way of indictment to the charges set forth in the information. The defendant agrees that at a time set by the Court, he will sign a written waiver of prosecution by Indictment and consent to proceed by Information rather than by Indictment.

#### B. Fine.

Agreement generally.

The defendant agrees to pay a statutorily authorized criminal fine as ordered by the Court.

#### C. Special Assessment.

The defendant agrees to pay a special assessment of \$200 at the time of sentencing by delivering a check or money order payable to the United States District Court to the United States Probation Office immediately before the sentencing hearing. The defendant understands that this plea agreement is voidable at the option of the government if he fails to pay the assessment prior to that hearing.

#### D. Violation of Plea Agreement by Defendant/Withdrawal of Pleas.

If the defendant violates this plea agreement in any way, withdraws his plea, or tries to withdraw his plea, this plea agreement is voidable at the option of the government. If the government elects to void the agreement based on the defendant's violation, the government will no longer be bound by its representations to the defendant concerning the limits on criminal prosecution and sentencing as set forth herein. A defendant violates the plea agreement by committing any crime or providing or procuring any statement or testimony which is knowingly false, misleading, or materially incomplete in any litigation or sentencing process in this case, or engages in any post-plea conduct constituting obstruction of justice. Varying from stipulated Guidelines application or agreements regarding arguments as to 18 United States Code section 3553, as set forth in this agreement, personally or through counsel, also constitutes a violation of the plea agreement. The government also shall have the right (1)

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to prosecute the defendant on any of the counts to which he pleaded guilty; (2) to reinstate any counts that may be dismissed pursuant to this plea agreement; and (3) to file any new charges that would otherwise be barred by this plea agreement. The defendant shall thereafter be subject to prosecution for any federal criminal violation of which the government has knowledge. The decision to pursue any or all of these options is solely in the discretion of the United States Attorney's Office.

By signing this plea agreement, the defendant agrees to waive any objections, motions, and defenses that the defendant might have to the government's decision. Any prosecutions that are not time-barred by the applicable statute of limitations as of the date of this plea agreement may be commenced in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding the expiration of the statute of limitations between the signing of this plea agreement and the commencement of any such prosecutions. The defendant agrees not to raise any objections based on the passage of time with respect to such counts including, but not limited to, any statutes of limitation or any objections based on the Speedy Trial Act or the Speedy Trial Clause of the Sixth Amendment to any counts that were not time-barred as of the date of this plea agreement. The determination of whether the defendant has violated the plea agreement will be under a probable cause standard.

In addition, (1) all statements made by the defendant to the government or other designated law enforcement agents, or any testimony given by the defendant before a grand jury or other tribunal, whether before or after this plea agreement, shall be admissible in evidence in any criminal, civil, or administrative proceedings hereafter brought against the defendant; and (2) the defendant shall assert no claim under the United States Constitution, any statute, Rule 11(f) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 410 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, or any other federal rule, that statements made by the defendant before or after this plea agreement, or any leads derived therefrom, should be suppressed. By signing this plea agreement, the defendant waives any and all rights in the foregoing respects.

### E. <u>Asset Disclosure.</u>

The defendant agrees to make a full and complete disclosure of his assets and financial condition, and will complete the United States Attorney's Office's "Authorization to Release Information" and "Financial Affidavit" within five (5) weeks from the entry of the defendant's change of plea, including supporting documentation. The defendant also agrees to have the Court enter an order

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to that effect. The defendant understands that if he fails to complete truthfully and provide the described documentation to the United States Attorney's office within the allotted time, he will be considered in violation of the agreement, and the government shall be entitled to the remedies set forth in section II.D above.

## III. THE GOVERNMENT'S OBLIGATIONS

### A. Recommendations.

### 1. Incarceration Range.

The government agrees that any sentence of incarceration that it recommends to the Court will be for a term of 30 months or less.

## 2. Acceptance of Responsibility.

The government will recommend a two-level reduction (if the offense level is less than 16) or a three-level reduction (if the offense level reaches 16) in the computation of his offense level if the defendant clearly demonstrates acceptance of responsibility for his conduct as defined in U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1. This includes the defendant meeting with and assisting the probation officer in the preparation of the pre-sentence report, being truthful and candid with the probation officer, and not otherwise engaging in conduct that constitutes obstruction of justice within the meaning of U.S.S.G § 3C1.1, either in the preparation of the pre-sentence report or during the sentencing proceeding.

## B. Use of Information for Sentencing.

The government is free to provide full and accurate information to the Court and Probation, including answering any inquiries made by the Court and/or Probation and rebutting any inaccurate statements or arguments by the defendant, his attorney, Probation, or the Court. The defendant also understands and agrees that nothing in this Plea Agreement bars the government from defending on appeal or collateral review any sentence that the Court may impose.

### C. Further Prosecutions.

If the court accepts the defendant's plea of guilty and the defendant fulfills each of the terms and conditions of this agreement, the United States agrees that it will not further prosecute the defendant for any crimes described in the attached Factual Basis or for any conduct of the defendant now known to the United States and to the law enforcement agents working with the United States on the present

investigation. In addition, the government previously informed the defendant that it did not intend to prosecute the defendant's wife, Kanta Bera. The United States hereby affirms that and agrees that it will not prosecute Kanta Bera for any crimes described in the attached Factual Basis or for any conduct of Kanta Bera now known to the United States and to the law enforcement agents working with the United States on the present investigation. Nothing in this agreement is intended to provide any limitation of liability arising out of any acts of violence.

#### IV. <u>ELEMENTS OF THE OFFENSE</u>

At a trial, the government would have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt the following elements of the offenses to which the defendant is pleading guilty, Making Excessive Campaign Contributions in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(1)(A), and Making Contributions in the Name of Another, in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30122. To establish a violation of § 30116(a)(1)(A), the government must prove:

First, the defendant knowingly and willfully made a financial contribution or contributions to a candidate or the candidate's authorized political committees;

Second, the contributions were made with respect to an election for a federal office being sought by the candidate: and

Third, the total contribution or contributions made over the course of one calendar year exceeded the limit set for that calendar year under the Federal Election Campaign Act.

To establish a violation of § 30122, the government must prove:

First, the defendant knowingly and willfully provided a thing of value to another person,

Second, the thing of value was provided for the purpose of causing the other person to make campaign contribution in the other person's name; and

Third, the campaign contribution was made to a candidate or candidate's authorized political committees with respect to an election for federal office being sought by the candidate.

The defendant fully understands the nature and elements of the crimes charged in the information to which he is pleading guilty, together with the possible defenses thereto, and has discussed them with his attorney.

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#### V. MAXIMUM SENTENCE

### A. Maximum Penalty.

The maximum sentence that the Court can impose on Count One is five years of incarceration, a fine of \$250,000, a three year period of supervised release and a special assessment of \$100.

The maximum sentence that the Court can impose on Count Two is five years of incarceration, a three year period of supervised release and a special assessment of \$100. If a fine is imposed under Count Two, it shall be in an amount of not less than 300 percent of the amount involved in the violation, and not more than the greater of either \$50,000 or 1,000 percent of the amount involved in the violation (52 U.S.C. 30109(d)(1)(D)(ii)). The Court is required to impose either a sentence of incarceration or a fine, or both under Count Two. With respect to any fine the Court may impose under Count Two, the parties agree that the amount involved in the violation for the purpose of calculating that fine is \$43,400.

## B. <u>Violations of Supervised Release.</u>

The defendant understands that if he violates a condition of supervised release at any time during the term of supervised release, the Court may revoke the term of supervised release and require the defendant to serve up to two additional years of imprisonment.

### VI. <u>SENTENCING DETERMINATION</u>

#### A. Statutory Authority.

The defendant understands that the Court must consult the Federal Sentencing Guidelines and must take them into account when determining a final sentence. The defendant understands that the Court will determine a non-binding and advisory guideline sentencing range for this case pursuant to the Sentencing Guidelines and must take them into account when determining a final sentence. The defendant further understands that the Court will consider whether there is a basis for departure from the guideline sentencing range (either above or below the guideline sentencing range) because there exists an aggravating or mitigating circumstance of a kind, or to a degree, not adequately taken into consideration by the Sentencing Commission in formulating the Guidelines. The defendant further understands that the Court, after consultation and consideration of the Sentencing Guidelines, must impose a sentence that is reasonable in light of the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a).

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### B. Stipulations Affecting Guideline Calculation.

The government and the defendant agree that there is no material dispute as to the following sentencing guidelines variables and therefore stipulate to the following:

- 1. Base Offense Level: 8 (§ 2C1.8(a))
- 2. Amount of Illegal Transactions: +12 (§§ 2C1.8(b)(1); 2B1.1(b)(1)(G))
- 3. Number of Illegal Transactions: +2 (§ 2C1.8(b)(4))
- 4. Role in the Offense Adjustment: +4 (§ 3B1.1(a))
- 5. Acceptance of Responsibility: See paragraph III.A.2 above

The defendant is free to recommend to the Court whatever sentence he believes is appropriate under 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). The government is not obligated to recommend any specific sentence but hereby agrees not to recommend a sentence in excess of thirty (30) months incarceration.

### VII. WAIVERS

### A. Waiver of Constitutional Rights.

The defendant understands that by pleading guilty he is waiving the following constitutional rights: (a) to plead not guilty and to persist in that plea if already made; (b) to be tried by a jury; (c) to be assisted at trial by an attorney, who would be appointed if necessary; (d) to subpoena witnesses to testify on his behalf; (e) to confront and cross-examine witnesses against him; and (f) not to be compelled to incriminate himself.

#### B. Waiver of Appeal and Collateral Attack.

The defendant understands that the law gives the defendant a right to appeal his guilty plea, conviction, and sentence. The defendant agrees as part of his plea, however, to give up the right to appeal the guilty plea, conviction, and the sentence imposed in this case as long as the sentence does not exceed the statutory maximum for the offenses to which he is pleading guilty.

Notwithstanding the defendant's waiver of appeal, the defendant will retain the right to appeal if one of the following circumstances occurs: (1) the sentence imposed by the District Court exceeds the statutory maximum; and/or (2) the government appeals the sentence in the case. The defendant understands that these circumstances occur infrequently and that in almost all cases this Agreement constitutes a complete waiver of all appellate rights.

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In addition, regardless of the sentence the defendant receives, the defendant also gives up any right to bring a collateral attack, including a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 or § 2241, challenging any aspect of the guilty plea, conviction, or sentence, except for non-waivable claims.

If the defendant ever attempts to vacate his pleas, dismiss the underlying charges, or modify or set aside his sentence on any of the counts to which he is pleading guilty, the government shall have the rights set forth in Section II.D herein.

## C. Waiver of Attorneys' Fees and Costs.

The defendant agrees to waive all rights under the "Hyde Amendment," Section 617, P.L. 105-119 (Nov. 26, 1997), to recover attorneys' fees or other litigation expenses in connection with the investigation and prosecution of all charges in the above-captioned matter and of any related allegations (including without limitation any charges to be dismissed pursuant to this plea agreement and any charges previously dismissed).

## VIII. <u>ENTIRE PLEA AGREEMENT</u>

Other than this plea agreement, no agreement, understanding, promise, or condition between the government and the defendant exists, nor will such agreement, understanding, promise, or condition exist unless it is committed to writing and signed by the defendant, counsel for the defendant, and counsel for the United States.

#### IX. APPROVALS AND SIGNATURES

#### A. <u>Defense Counsel.</u>

I have read this plea agreement and have discussed it fully with my client. The plea agreement accurately and completely sets forth the entirety of the agreement. I concur in my client's decision to plead guilty as set forth in this plea agreement.

Dated: 5/2/16

EDWARD/J. LOY/A, JR/ Attorney for Defendant

#### B. <u>Defendant:</u>

I have read this plea agreement and carefully reviewed every part of it with my attorney. I understand it, and I voluntarily agree to it. Further, I have consulted with my attorney and fully

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1	understand my rights with respect to the provisions of the Sentencing Guidelines that may apply to my
2	case. No other promises or inducements have been made to me, other than those contained in this plea
3	agreement. In addition, no one has threatened or forced me in any way to enter into this plea agreement.
4	Finally, I am satisfied with the representation of my attorney in this case.
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7	Dated: May 2, 2016 Beliel Bere
8	BABULAL BERA
9	Defendant
10	C. Attorneys for United States:
11	I accept and agree to this plea agreement on behalf of the government.
12	Dated: May 10, 2016  BENJAMIN B. WAGNER United States Attorney
13	United States Attorney
14	La Company
15	JOHN K. VINCENT Assistant United States Attorney
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17	Dated: RAYMOND N. HUSLER Chief, Public Integrity, Section
18	Chief, Fublic Integrity Section
19	PICHAPO P. EVANG
20	RICHARD B. EVANS Trial Attorney United States Department of Institute
21	United States Department of Justice Public Integrity Section 1400 New York Avg. NW. Swite 12100
22	1400 New York Ave. NW, Suite 12100 Washington, DC 20005
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## EXHIBIT "A" Factual Basis for Pleas

The parties agree that the following is true and that if this matter were to proceed to trial, the government would be able to prove the following facts beyond a reasonable doubt.

In 2010 and 2012 the defendant's son was a candidate for a seat in the United States Congress representing District 3 (2010) and District 7 (2012) from the State of California. With respect to both elections, the candidate's official federal campaign committee ("committee") was headquartered in Elk Grove, California, within the Eastern District of California. With respect to both elections, the defendant made the maximum allowable individual contributions to his son's campaign. Also with respect to both elections, the defendant recruited, solicited, and utilized friends, family members and acquaintances to make financial contributions to his son's campaign, which the defendant then reimbursed to these contributors with his own funds. The defendant did this to make contributions to his son's campaign in excess of the contribution limits established by federal law. With respect to the 2010 and 2012 elections, the government has identified over 130 improper campaign contributions involving approximately 90 contributors.

On or about April 4, 2009, and May 4, 2009, defendant and his spouse each made contributions totaling \$4,800 to the committee thereby reaching their individual contribution limits allowed by the Election Act to the committee for the 2010 election. With respect to the 2010 election, the defendant directly and indirectly solicited relatives, friends and acquaintances to make the maximum allowable federal campaign contributions, with the understanding that he would reimburse them in whole or in part. From approximately May 11, 2009, through at least August 20, 2010, these individuals contributed a total of at approximately \$225,326 to the committee. These individuals received full or partial reimbursements for their contributions from the defendant in an amount totaling over \$220,000.

On or about January 5, 2011, defendant and his spouse each contributed \$5,000 to the committee thereby reaching their individual contribution limits allowed by the Election Act to the committee for the 2012 election. With respect to the 2012 election, the defendant again directly and indirectly solicited relatives, friends and acquaintances to make the maximum allowable federal campaign contributions, with the understanding that he would reimburse them in whole or in part. From at least January 31, 2011, and continuing through at least December 5, 2011, these individuals contributed a total of approximately \$43,400 to the committee. These individuals received full reimbursement for their contributions in the form of funds that originated from the defendant. These were delivered to the individuals either by the defendant directly or through third parties working at the defendant's behest.

As an example, in 2009, Person 1 received a telephone call from the defendant who asked Person 1 to contribute to the campaign. Person 1 explained that while he wanted to contribute, he and his wife could not afford to do so. The defendant told Person 1 that the defendant would give him the money to contribute, and that Person 1 should contribute the maximum amount allowable. On May 15, 2009, the defendant arranged for a check in the amount of \$4,700 to be made out to Person 1. The check was drawn on one of the defendant's personal accounts. On May 17, 2009, the defendant signed a check made out to Person 1 in the amount of \$4,200. This check was drawn on a different personal account. Person 1 received these checks in the mail, and he subsequently mailed contribution checks to the campaign's headquarters in Elk Grove, California. On June 1, 2009, Person 1 wrote out two checks to the official federal campaign committee for the defendant's son. Both of these checks were in the amount of \$4,800, and one was signed by Person 1 and one was signed by Person 1's wife.

Similarly, in 2011 Person 1 again contributed to the campaign, and again was reimbursed by the defendant. On August 14, 2011, the defendant signed a check made out to Person 1 in the amount of \$4,000. On August 15, 2011, the defendant signed a check made out to Person 1 in the amount of \$5,600. Both of these checks were drawn on one of the defendant's business accounts. Person 1 received these checks in the mail, and he subsequently mailed contribution checks to the campaign's headquarters in Elk Grove, California. On August 25, 2011, Person 1 wrote out two checks to the

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PLEA AGREEMENT

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official federal campaign committee for the defendant's son. Both of these checks were in the amount of \$4,800, and one was signed by Person 1, and one was signed by Person 1's wife. On October 14, 2011, the official federal campaign committee filed a quarterly contribution report with the Federal Blog 10-16

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5/10/16 Election Committee, as required by law. That report listed the two contributions received from Person 1 and his wife, and identified Person 1 and his wife as the contributors.