

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA :
 :
 v. : CASE NO. 1:21-cr-00657-BAH
 :
 : 18 U.S.C. § 111(a)(1)
 CODY MATTICE, :
 :
 Defendant. :

STATEMENT OF OFFENSE

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11, the United States of America, by and through its attorney, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, and the defendant, Cody MATTICE, with the concurrence of his attorney, agree and stipulate to the below factual basis for the defendants' guilty pleas—that is, if this case were to proceed to trial, the parties stipulate that the United States could prove the below facts beyond a reasonable doubt:

The Attack at the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021

1. The U.S. Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C., is secured 24 hours a day by U.S. Capitol Police. Restrictions around the U.S. Capitol include permanent and temporary security barriers and posts manned by U.S. Capitol Police. Only authorized people with appropriate identification are allowed access inside the U.S. Capitol.

2. On January 6, 2021, the exterior plaza of the U.S. Capitol was closed to members of the public.

3. On January 6, 2021, a joint session of the United States Congress convened at the United States Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C. During the joint session, elected members of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate were meeting in separate chambers of the United States Capitol to certify the vote count of

the Electoral College of the 2020 Presidential Election, which had taken place on November 3, 2020. The joint session began at approximately 1:00 p.m. Shortly thereafter, by approximately 1:30 p.m., the House and Senate adjourned to separate chambers to resolve a particular objection. Vice President Mike Pence was present and presiding, first in the joint session, and then in the Senate chamber.

4. As the proceedings continued in both the House and the Senate, and with Vice President Pence present and presiding over the Senate, a large crowd gathered outside the U.S. Capitol. As noted above, temporary and permanent barricades were in place around the exterior of the U.S. Capitol building, and U.S. Capitol Police were present and attempting to keep the crowd away from the Capitol building and the proceedings underway inside.

5. At approximately 2:00 p.m., certain individuals in the crowd forced their way through, up, and over the barricades, and officers of the U.S. Capitol Police, and the crowd advanced to the exterior façade of the building. The crowd was not lawfully authorized to enter or remain in the building and, prior to entering the building, no members of the crowd submitted to security screenings or weapons checks by U.S. Capitol Police Officers or other authorized security officials.

6. At such time, the certification proceedings were still underway and the exterior doors and windows of the U.S. Capitol were locked or otherwise secured. Members of the U.S. Capitol Police attempted to maintain order and keep the crowd from entering the Capitol; however, shortly after 2:00 p.m., individuals in the crowd forced entry into the U.S. Capitol, including by breaking windows and by assaulting members of law enforcement, as others in the crowd encouraged and assisted those acts. The riot resulted in substantial damage to the U.S. Capitol, requiring the expenditure of more than \$1.4 million dollars for repairs.

7. Shortly thereafter, at approximately 2:20 p.m., members of the United States House of Representatives and United States Senate, including the President of the Senate, Vice President Pence, were instructed to—and did—evacuate the chambers. Accordingly, all proceedings of the United States Congress, including the joint session, were effectively suspended until shortly after 8:00 p.m. the same day. In light of the dangerous circumstances caused by the unlawful entry to the U.S. Capitol, including the danger posed by individuals who had entered the U.S. Capitol without any security screening or weapons check, Congressional proceedings could not resume until after every unauthorized occupant had left the U.S. Capitol, and the building had been confirmed secured. The proceedings resumed at approximately 8:00 p.m. after the building had been secured. Vice President Pence remained in the United States Capitol from the time he was evacuated from the Senate Chamber until the session resumed.

CODY MATTICE's Participation in the January 6, 2021, Capitol Riot

8. From at least January 2, 2021 through January 5, 2021, defendant Cody Mattice and his co-defendant, James Phillip Mault, discussed plans to travel to Washington, D.C. by text message. On January 2, 2021, the two exchanged messages about when to leave New York. On January 3, 2021, Mault told the defendant that he bought “pepper spray and a legal baton,” which he would drop off to the defendant; the defendant replied “Yooooo!!!! That’s fucking dope!!” On January 5, Mault texted the defendant and others to recommend bringing gear on their trip: “Long sleeves Gloves Knife Baton Pepper spray Asskicking boots Helmet Eye protection.” The defendant replied “Fuck yea bro.” The defendant also approved of a third member’s suggestion of bringing “extra layers for some padding” and approved of this person’s suggested “prison trick” of stuffing “magazines in my jacket to stop knives.” Mault was a member of this group text message thread.

9. On January 6, 2021, the defendant traveled from his home near Rochester, New York to Washington, D.C. to attend the former President's rally. He traveled with his friend and co-defendant James Mault and with several other people. After the former President's rally, the defendant, Mault, and other members of the crowd marched on the United States Capitol.

10. At around 12:28 p.m. on January 6, 2021, the defendant texted his fiancé and told her "Were getting ready to march on Capitol hill." She replied "That's awesome babe!"

11. On January 6, 2021, the defendant carried a video camera, which he used to record videos of himself, Mault, and others. On the National Mall, within about one block from the National Museum of African American History and Culture, the defendant recorded himself saying "We're getting ready to go march on Capitol Hill. We're gonna go fuck some shit up. It's about to be nuts." A moment later, he added "let's do this. Let's fucking do this. I can't wait." As the defendant said this, the video captured Mault nearby.

12. Shortly thereafter, the defendant recorded a video in which he, Mault, and other rioters walked eastbound toward the Capitol Building. The defendant said, "It's a march on Capitol Hill. Nobody's happy, no one's satisfied. Time to fuck shit up."

13. After arriving on Capitol Hill, the defendant recorded another video in which he said, "Here we are, Capitol Hill. We're getting up front, and we're taking this shit. Make no mistake, over 1,000,000 fucking people here. Done. Done."

14. By approximately 12:55 p.m., a crowd of rioters had breached a police line at the Peace Circle, west of the Capitol Building, and advanced into the Capitol Building's West Plaza, which is on the ground level. Between approximately 12:55 p.m. and 2:30 p.m., officers with the U.S. Capitol Police and the Metropolitan Police Department attempted to maintain a perimeter that

would prevent rioters from advancing deeper into the Capitol grounds and, ultimately, into the Capitol Building.

15. During the time between 12:55 p.m. and 2:30 p.m., the defendant and Mault arrived on the Capitol Grounds and advanced, within the crowd, to the police perimeter in the West Plaza. There, Mault implored police officers to join or ally with the rioters. The defendant recorded Mault telling officers “Your jobs will be here when you come back after we kick the shit out of everyone.” Later, during the same ongoing conversation, Mault told the officers “This shit’s fucking right. What we’re doing is right, or there wouldn’t be this many fucking people here. And you guys fucking know this shit.”

16. At around 2:30 p.m., in the Capitol’s West Plaza, the defendant pulled down one segment of the metal barricades that stood in front of a police line. The defendant quickly grabbed it with both hands, pulling it away from the police and onto the ground. A short time later, rioters overwhelmed the police line, forcing police officers to retreat through that central staircase, up to the Lower West Terrace—an exterior area on the western side of the Capitol grounds, one floor above ground level, where portions of the inauguration stage had been constructed. The defendant and Mault were part of the group that assaulted the police line. They stood at or near the front of the group, pushing forward against the officers who attempted to keep the rioters from advancing.

17. After the defendant, Mault, and other rioters breached the police line, rioters seized control of the West Plaza, and a group of them climbed the stage to the Lower West Terrace. Shortly thereafter, police officers would retreat into the Lower West Terrace tunnel, where they would sustain hours of violent attacks by members of the mob—including the defendant’s and Mault’s attacks at around 4:05 p.m.

18. At around 4:00 p.m., the defendant and Mault approached Lower West Terrace tunnel. The crowds were thick, and the defendant first attempted to push through the crowd, then climbed up and over members of the crowd. Over the course of about a minute, the defendant crawled across the top of the crowd and toward the tunnel. As he approached, other rioters were visibly throwing objects and spraying chemical spray at the law enforcement officers in the tunnel, and one rioter was hanging off the arch that had been constructed at the mouth of the tunnel, kicking at officers and using a metal pole as an improvised spear to stab at them. Also during the defendant's approach, the crowd was chanting, first "Fight for Trump"; then, as he reached the tunnel, "Pull them out."

19. After the defendant reached the tunnel, he grabbed onto and hung from the wooden frame surrounding the arch and was supported by members of the crowd. Mault followed closely behind, also crawling over the crowd, and grabbed and hung from the arch. After Mault was securely hanging from the arch, the defendant turned to his right, reached toward the outstretched hand of another rioter, and grabbed a small object which appeared to be a canister containing chemical spray. He appeared to pass the item from his right to left hand, then reached out, across Mault's body with his left arm extended, and sprayed chemical spray at police officers defending the tunnel. He held his thumb on the canister, discharging chemical spray at police officers for about ten seconds. Then, a short time later, he fell backwards into the crowd.

20. Officer M.A. was an officer from the Metropolitan Police Department (MPD). He and other MPD officers were assisting the United States Capitol Police in their defense of the Capitol Building and its grounds, and was present in the Lower West Terrace tunnel at approximately 4:05 p.m. At the time the defendant sprayed chemicals into the tunnel, Officer M.A. occupied an elevated position on the tunnel's side, and was one of the officers who the defendant targeted with chemical spray. When the defendant and Mault deployed chemical spray at Officer M.A. and others, they knew that the officers were engaged in the performance of official duties.

Respectfully submitted,


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DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, Cody Mattice, have read this Statement of the Offense and have discussed it with my attorney. I fully understand this Statement of the Offense. I agree and acknowledge by my signature that this Statement of the Offense is true and accurate. I do this voluntarily and of my own free will. No threats have been made to me nor am I under the influence of anything that could impede my ability to understand this Statement of the Offense fully.

Date: 3/18/22

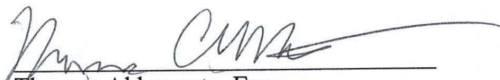


Cody Mattice
Defendant

ATTORNEY'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have read this Statement of the Offense and have reviewed it with my client fully. I concur in my client's desire to adopt this Statement of the Offense as true and accurate.

Date: 4-5-22



Thomas Abbenante, Esq.
Attorney for the Defendant