## FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION: OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

IN THE MATTER OF THE CLAIM OF

MARGARITA ELENA FOWLER

Claim No.CU-0763

Decision No.CU - 4776

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

Counsel for claimant:

Reavis & McGrath
By Dennis C. Cronin, Esq.

## PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, filed under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount of \$1,070,050.00, was presented by MARGARITA ELENA FOWLER and is based upon the asserted loss of real property and personal property in Cuba. Claimant stated that she has been a national since 1950 by derivation through her mother but no evidence has been submitted to establish her United States nationality.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949

[78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat.

988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States. Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right, or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 504 of the Act provides, as to ownership of claims, that

(a) A claim shall not be considered under section 503(a) of this title unless the property on which the claim was based was owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly by a national of the United States on the date of the loss and if considered shall be considered only to the extent the claim has been held by one or more nationals of the United States continuously thereafter until the date of filing with the Commission.

The Regulations of the Commission provide:

The claimant shall be the moving party and shall have the burden of proof on all issues involved in the determination of his claim. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. §531.6(d) (Supp. 1967).)

Claimant has asserted a claim for the loss of real estate, furniture, pictures, rugs, silver, securities, cars and a yacht. In support of her claim, the only documentation submitted consisted of stock certificates, two in the name of claimant's mother and two in her father's name. No evidence has been submitted to establish claimant's ownership of any property in Cuba, the value of such property and its loss by actions of the Government of Cuba.

By Commission's letter of August 3, 1966, claimant was advised through

her attorney as to the type of evidence proper for submission to establish this
claim under the Act. Further requests for evidence were sent to claimant
through her attorney on January 25, 1968 and October 17, 1968. However, no

supporting evidence has been received.

The Commission therefore finds that claimant has not met the burden of proof in that she has failed to establish ownership by a United States national of rights and interests in property which was nationalized, expropriated or otherwise taken by the Government of Cuba. Thus, the Commission is constrained deny this claim and it is hereby denied. The Commission deems it unnecessary to make determinations with respect to other elements of the claim.

Dated at Washington, D.C., and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

APR 22 1970

Lyle S. Garlock, Chairman

Theodore Jaffe, Commission

Sidney Freidberg, Commissioner

Notice: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5(e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)